

#### UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT

#### **Abstract**

General and Academic - Faculty of Humanities -Syllabus of the Audit Course, Human Rights (4 credits) for III semester CBCSS UG Programmes -Implemented wef 2019 Admn onwards - Subject to ratification by the Academic Council - Orders issued

#### G & A - IV - B

U.O.No. 8672/2021/Admn

Dated, Calicut University.P.O, 01.09.2021

Read:-1. U.O.No. 4368/2019/Admn dated 23.03.2019

- 2. U.O No. 10662/2020/Admn dated 13.11.2020.
- 3. Item No.2 of the minutes of the meeting of BoS, in Political Science UG ,held on 28.07.2021
- 4. Remarks of the Dean, Faculty of Humanities dated 10.08.2021.
- 5. Orders of the Vice Chancellor dated 10.08.2021.

#### <u>ORDER</u>

- 1. The Regulations for Choice Based Credit and Semester System for Under Graduate (UG) Curriculum- 2019 (CBCSS UG Regulations 2019) for all UG Programmes under CBCSS-Regular and SDE/PrivateRegistration w.e.f. 2019 admission has been implemented, vide paper read (1), and the same was modified vide paper read (2) above.
- 2. As per the Clause 4.10 of the CBCSS UG Regulations 2019, there shall be one Audit Course each in the first four semesters and at the end of each semester there shall be examination conducted by the college from a pool of questions (QuestionBank) set by the University.
- 3. The Board of Studies in Political Science UG, vide paper read as (3) above, has resolved to approve the syllabus of the Audit course "Human Rights" for the III Semester CBCSS UG Programmes w e f 2019 Admission onwards.
- 4. The Dean, Faculty of Humanities vide paper read as (4) above has approved Item no. 2 of the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Political Science UG, held on 28.07.2021.
- 5. Considering the urgency, the Vice Chancellor has approved Item no. 2 of the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Political Science UG, held on 28.07.2021 and has accorded sanction to implement the Syllabus of the Audit Course- Human Rights, subject to the ratification by the Academic Council.
- The Syllabus of the Audit Course, Human Rights(4 credits) for III semester CBCSS UG Programmes is therefore implemented wef 2019 Admission onwards.
- 7. Orders are issued accordingly. (Syllabus appended)

Arsad M

Assistant Registrar

To

The Principals of all Affliated Colleges. Copy to: PS to VC/ PA to Registrar/PA to CE/JCE I/JCE II/JCE III/JCE IV/JCE VIII/ Digital Wing/SF/DF

Forwarded / By Order

Section Officer

# IIIrd SEMESTER CBCSS UG

(2019 admission onwards)

# ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSE/ AUDIT COURSE AUD3E03- HUMAN RIGHTS

**CREDITS:4** 

# **Course outcomes**

- 1. Understand the importance and different approaches to Human rights
- 2. Understand the different mechanisms of United Nations to ensure and protect the Human Rights
- 3. Understand the different Constitutional provisions and legislations to protect Human Rights in India
- 4. Analyse the functions of NHRC, Judiciary and PIL for protecting Human Rights in India
- 5. Examine the challenges to Human Rights of different vulnerable sections

### **MODULE -I**

HUMAN RIGHTS; Meaning, Evolution and Importance

Approaches; Western, Marxian, Feminist and Third World

# **MODULE - II**

U N O AND HUMAN RIGHTS

- (a) Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- (b)International Covenants on Civil and Political Rights(ICCPR), International Covenant on Social Economic and Cultural Rights(ICSECR)

(c) The Office of the United Nations High Commissioners for Human Rights(UNHCHR)

# **MODULE- II**

#### **HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA**

- (a) Constitutional Provisions- Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy
- (b) Some important Legislations
  - 1) Protection of Civil Rights Act-1955
  - 2) Prevention of Atrocities (SC and ST) Act 1989
  - 3) Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013
  - 4) The Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act-2016
  - 5) Right to information Act 2005
- (c) Agencies Protecting Human Rights; Judiciary, Public Interest Litigation, National Human Rights Commission and Media

#### **MODULE- IV**

#### CHALLENGES TO HUMAN RIGHTS

Human Rights Violations against Women, Children, Other marginalised sections like Minorities, Dalits, Adivasis and Women, Refugees

#### **BOOKS AND REFERENCES**

- 1 Andrew Clapham, Human Rights: A Very Short Introduction, Oxford University Press, New York, 2007
- 2 Darren J O Byrne, (ed), Human Rights: An Introduction, Pearson, New Delhi, 2004
- 3 Chiranjeevi Nirmal, Human Rights in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi,1997.
- 4 Pavithran K S,(ed), Human Rights in India: Discourse and Contentions, Gvan books, NewDelhi,2018
- 5 Ujwal Kumar Singh, (ed), Human Rights and peace: Ideas, Laws, Institutions and Movements, Sage, New Delhi, 2009

- 6 Upendra Bax,: The RIGHT to be Human Lasncer International New Delhi, 1987.
- 7 Johari J.C Human Rights and New World Order Anmol Publications , New Delhi, 0998



#### **UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT**

#### **Abstract**

General and Academic - Faculty of Humanities - Question Bank of the Audit Course, Human Rights (4 credits) for III semester CBCSS UG Programmes wef 2019 Admn onwards - Implemented - Subject to ratification by the Academic Council - Orders issued

#### G & A - IV - B

U.O.No. 16267/2021/Admn

Dated, Calicut University.P.O, 12.11.2021

Read:-1. U.O.No. 8672/2021/Admndated 01.09.2021.

- 2. Minutes of the meeting of Board of Studies in Political Science UG held on 19.10.2021
- 3. Remarks of the Dean, Faculty of Humanities dated 06.11.2021.
- 4. Orders of the Vice Chancellor dated 10.11.2021.

#### **ORDER**

- 1. The Syllabus of the Audit Course, Human Rights (4 credits) for III semester CBCSS UG Programmes wef 2019 Admission onwards has been implemented, vide paper read (1) above.
- 2. The Board of Studies in Political Science UG, vide paper read (2) above, has resolved to approve the question bank for the Ability enhancement Course/Audit course –"HUMAN RIGHTS" for the III Semester CBCSS-(UG)Programmes, w e f 2019 Admission onwards.
- 3. The Dean, Faculty of Humanities vide paper read (3) above has approved the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Political Science UG, held on 19.10.2021.
- 4. Considering the urgency, the Vice Chancellor has approved the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Political Science UG, held on 19.10.2021 and has accorded sanction to implement the Question Bank of the Audit Course- Human Rights, subject to the ratification by the Academic Council.
- The Question Bank of the Audit Course, Human Rights (4 credits) for III semester CBCSS UG
  Programmes is therefore implemented wef 2019 Admission onwards, subject to the ratification
  by the Academic Council.
- 6. Orders are issued accordingly. ( Question Bank appended)

Arsad M

Assistant Registrar

To

The Principals of all Affiliated Colleges
Copy to: PS to VC/ PA to Registrar/PA to CE/JCE I/JCE II/JCE III/JCE IV/JCE VIII/ Digital
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Forwarded / By Order

Section Officer

# **UNIVERSITY OF CALICUT**

# ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSE/ AUDIT COURSE AUD3E03 - HUMAN RIGHTS

### **QUESTION BANK**

1. Who wrote the book 'Social Contract'?

- A) John Locke B) Rousseau C) Bentham D) Thomas Hobbes
- 2. Who among the following was an exponent of 'absolute monarchy'?
  - A) John Locke B) Rousseau C) Bentham D) Thomas Hobbes
- 3. "In the state of nature man was selfish, brutish and nasty"-Who said this?
  - A) Thomas Hobbes B) john Locke C) Rousseau D) Machiavelli
- 4. Who considered 'General Will' as Sovereign?
  - A) John Locke B) Rousseau C) Bentham D) Thomas Hobbes
- 5. The Magna Carta was signed in the year--- A) 1340 B) 1251 C) 1215 D) 1420
- 6. Which king signed the Magna Carta?
  - A) John B) Charles C) George D) William
- 7. British Bill of Rights was signed in ------ A) 1629 B) 1689 C) 1688 D) 1712
- 8. The slogan 'No taxation without Representation' was shouted in which country?
  - A) America B) France C) Russia D) China
- 9. The Declaration of American Independence was adopted in the year------

- A) 1776 B) 1668 C) 177 8 D) 1791
- 10. Who drafted the American Declaration of Independence?
- A) Woodrow Wilson B) Thomas Jefferson C) Abraham Lincoln D) Franklin Roosevelt
- 11. The American constitution was drafted in ---- A) 1773 B) 1778 C) 1787 D) 1791
- 12. When did the first constitutional amendment take place in America?
  - A) 1773 B) 1778 C) 1787 D) 1791
- 13. Which constitutional amendment prohibits slavery in America?
  - A) 12th B) 14th C) 13th D) 15th
- 14. The 'Declaration of the Rights of Men' was adopted in which country?
  - A) America B) France C) Canada D) Britain
- 15. Whose philosophy inspired more to the French revolution?
  - A) John Locke B) Rousseau C)Bentham D) Thomas Hobbes
- 16. When did the French Revolution occur?
  - A) 1787 B) 1789 C) 1991 D) 1688
- 17. "Men are born and equal in rights"-Who said this?
  - A) T.H. Green B) Bentham C) Rousseau D) John Locke
- 18. Which approach emphasises on self-determination and economic development?
  - A) Liberal approach B) Third world approach

| C) Feminist approach D) Marxist approach                                      |
|---|
| 19. Socialist approach emphasized on  |
| A) Economic and Social Rights B) civil and political rights                   |
| C) Cultural rights D) Environmental rights                                    |
| 20. What is the central idea of western approach?                             |
| A) Economic and social rights B) Fundamental individualism                    |
| C) Cultural rights D) Social development                                      |
| 21. Marxist concept of human rights put emphasis on                           |
| A) Individual rights B) Cultural rights                                       |
| C) Social rights D) Personal rights   |
| 22. Which is the U.N day?   |
| A) 24th September B) 24th October C) 10th December D) 14th November           |
| 23. The UDHR was passed by the General Assembly on A) 24thOctober B)          |
| 10th December   |
| C) 24th November D) 26th January  |
| 24. Which among the following is a First Generation Right?                    |
| A) Economic Rights B) Social Rights C) Political Rights D) Cultural rights    |
| 25. How many Articles are there in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights? |
| A) 30 B) 34 C) 50 D) 45   |

| 26.  | Human Rights Day is celebrated on A) 14th November B) 24thOctobe         |
|------|--|
|      | C) 10th December ,D) 1st January   |
| 27.  | Where is the Head Quarters of UNESCO?                                    |
|      | A) Geneva B) Washington C) New York D) Paris                             |
| 28.  | I.L. O was formed in the year A) 1945 B) 1920 C) 1950 D) 1919            |
| 29.  | Who was the first chairman of the Commission on Human Right?             |
|      | A) Eleanor Roosevelt B) Woodrow Wilson                                   |
|      | C) Thomas Jefferson D) Thomas Paine                                      |
| 30.  | Civil and Political rights are considered asgeneration Rights            |
|      | A) Third generation B) Second generation                                 |
|      | C) First generation D) none of these                                     |
| 31.  | When was the Paris Peace Conference held?                                |
|      | A) 1917 B) 1918 C) 1919 D) 1920  |
| 32.  | Where was the headquarters of the League of Nations?                     |
|      | A) Paris B) Geneva C) Moscow D) New York                                 |
| 33.' | "Peace can be established only if it is based upon social justice"-Which |
|      | Organization proclaimed this?  |
|      | A) UNESCO B) UNICEF C) ILO D) FAO  |

- 34. When was the UNESCO formed? A) 1946 B) 1950 C) 1956 D) 1962 35. Where is the headquarters of the WHO? A) Paris B) New York C) Geneva D) Washington 36. "All human beings are born equal in dignity and rights ". In which Document this statement contain? A) ICCPR B) ICESCR C) UDHR D) NHRC 37. Who is the father of International Law? A) Hugo Grotius B) Jeremy Bentham C) T.H. Green D) H. J. Laski 38. When was the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights adopted? A) 1976 B) 1948 C) 1956 D) 1986 39. How many Articles are there in the ICESER? A) 30 B)31 C) 32 D) 34
- 40. Which Right is mentioned in the Article 1 of the ICESER?
  - A) Right to self-determination B) Right to life
  - C) Right to Property D) Right to Peace
- 41. Name the Act which prescribed for the National Human Rights commission
  - A) Human rights Act B) Protection of human rights Act

C) Right to Information Act D) Protection of Minorities Act 42. Which among the following is third generation right A) Cultural rights B) Environmental Rights C) Political Right D) Economic Rights 43. Which were the two words included in the preamble of Indian constitution through42nd amendment? A) Democracy and federalism B) Secularism and socialism C) Nationalism and secularism D) Secularism and democracy 44. Which amendment to the constitution gave precedence to DPSP over FR A) 42nd amendment B) 44thamendment C) 56thamentment D) 66th amendment 45. The six freedoms of Indian citizens have been enshrined in--- A) Article 19 B) Article 22 C) Article 21, D) Article 32 46. Which one of the following was wrongly listed in the group of Freedom under article 19 A) Freedom of assembly, B )Freedom of religion

C) Freedom of movement D) Freedom of residence

| 47. Writ issued the court directing to a person to perform public duties is A)             |
|--|
| Habeas Corpus ,  |
| B) Mandamus C) Certiorari. D) Prohibition  |
| 48. In which article of the Indian Constitution, the Right to Education is                 |
| incorporated?  |
| A) Article 19 B) article 21 C) Article 21A D) Article 29                                   |
| 49. Right to information Act was passed in   |
| A) 2005 B) 2000 C) 1995 D) 1998  |
| 50. PUCL stands for?   |
| A) People Union for Cultural Liberty B) People's Union for Civil Liberties                 |
| C) People's Union for Civil Law D) None of the above                                       |
| 51."Habeas Corpus" means?  |
| A) Have you the body B) produce the body   |
| C) Find out the person D) release the person   |
| 52. Which Article awards freedom of Press in India?  |
| A) 51A B) 19(1)a C) 25 D) 32   |
| 53.The constitutional amendment to right to education was passed in A) 2005 B) 2009 C)2002 |
| D) 2011  |

| 54. | PIL stands for:  |
|-----|--|
|     | A) Private Interest Litigation B) Public Interest Litigation                     |
|     | C) Public International Law D) Public institute of law                           |
| 55. | Fundamental rights are rights  |
|     | A) Non- Justiciable rights B) Moral Rights C) justiciable Rights D) Legal rights |
| 56. | Liberty withoutis meaningless.   |
|     | A) Right B) Fraternity C) Duties D) Equality                                     |
| 57. | Article 17 of Indian constitution deals with—                                    |
|     | A) Abolition of untouchability B) Abolition of Titles                            |
|     | C) Right to Freedom D) Right to Religion   |
| 58. | Right to life is guaranteed in Indian constitution in article                    |
|     | A) 19 B) 28 C) 21 D) 32  |
| 59. | Right to family is ensured in articleof UDHR                                     |
|     | A) 21 B) 14 C) 28 D) 16  |
| 60. | Right to work is incorporated in partof Indian constitution                      |
|     | A) IIIrd part B) VIth part C) VII th part D) IV-DPSP                             |
| 61. | Right to resistance is aright  |
|     | A) Civil B) economic C) Political D) Social                                      |

| 62. Who is the chairman of the committee which recommends the chairman?                 |
|---|
| and members of NHRC to the president?   |
| A) President B) Finance Minister  |
| C) Prime Minister. D) Home Minister   |
| 63.Who shall be the chairman of the NHRC?   |
| A) Supreme Court Judge B)Supreme Court chief Justice                                    |
| C) High Court Chief Justice D) Highcourt Judge  |
| 64. How many members are there in the MHRC including the Chairman?                      |
| A) Five B) Four C) Seven D) Two   |
| 65. MHRC is abody.  |
| A) Queasy-judicial B) Judicial C) Executive D) Legislative                              |
| 66. Which Article of the Protection of Human Rights Act prescribes for                  |
| Human Rights courts?  |
| A)Article 12 B) Article 16 C) Article 31 D) Article 13                                  |
| 67. Which conference highlighted the international concern over violence against women? |
| A) Mexico B) Beijing C) Nairobi D) Copenhagen   |
| 68. When was the Nairobi conference held?   |
| A) 1975 B) 1985 C)1980 D) 1990  |

- 69. Where was the fourth world conference on women held? A) Nairobi B) Copenhegan C) Vienna D) Beijing 70. When was the National Commission on women constituted in India? A) 1975 B) 1975 C) 1980 D)1992 71. When was the first Dowry Prohibition Act passed in India? A) 1972 B) 1960 C) 1961 D) 1975 72. Which Declaration asserts "mankind owes to the child the best it has to give"? A) Universal Declaration of Human Rights B) the Declaration of the rights of the child C) America Declaration of Independence D) French Declaration of the Rights of the Men 73. When did the Declaration of the Rights of the Child pass by the UN? A) 1959 B)1962 C) 1965 D) 1970 74. Which international Fund provides assistance to children? A) UNESCO B) WHO C) UNICEF D) FAO 75. Which year was observed as international Year of the Child?
- A) 1975 B) 1980 C) 1983 D) 1979
- 76. When was the convention on right of the child came into force?
  - A) 1980 B) 1978 C) 1990 D) 1993

77. Which article of the Indian Constitution prohibit hazardous jobs to children? A) Article 20 B) Article 28 C) Article 21 D)Article 24 78. Which Act requires for the establishment of 'special homes' for children? A) The Declaration of Human Rights Act B) Child Protection Act C) Juvenile Justice Act. D) None of the above 79. When was the Juvenile Justice Act enacted? A) 1992 B)2000 C) 1998 D) 2002 80. When was the Right to information Act passed? A) 2000 B) 2005 C) 2008 D) 2009 81. What is the time limit to give reply to the applicant under RTI act? A)20 days B) 22 days C) 30 days D) 40 days 82. What is the fee to apply under RTI Act A) Rupees 10 B) Rupees 50 C) Rupees 30 D) Rupees 100 83. The power of the judiciary to nullify the law is known as ------ A) Judicial Activism, B) Judicial Review, C) Judicial Clarification, D) None of the above 84. Who among the following is connected with PIL? A) Justice Tharkunde B) Justice V. R Krishna Iyer C) Justice Basant D) none of these

| 85. SardarSarovar Project is inriver                                      |
|---|
| A) Narmada river. B) Yamuna river   |
| C) Keveri river D) None of these  |
| 86. When was the PUCLDR formed?   |
| A) 1976 B) 200 C) 2004 D) 1987  |
| 87. Who is the leader of NBA?   |
| A) Arundathy Roy B) MethaPadker   |
| C) Kanshi Ram D) None of these  |
| 88. Chipko movement was against A) Scarcity of Water B) cutting the trees |
| C) Pollution Issue D) None of these                                       |
| 89. Which movement focused on the displacement and rehabilitaion?         |
| A) Chipko Movement B) Narmada Bachavo Antholan                            |
| C) Mittani movement D) None of these                                      |
| 90. Child rights are protected in articleof ICCPR                         |
| A) 20 B) 16 C) 23 D) 24   |
| 91. UN observed International year of women in                            |
| A) 1995 B) 1980 C) 1990 D)1975  |
| 92. Declaration of the rights of the the child was on                     |

| A) 1945 B) 1950 C)1953 D) 1952   |
|--|
| 93. Optional protocol to the Covenant on Civil and Political Rights was adopted in-A) 1976 B) 1965 |
| C) 1966 D) 1965  |
| 94. Right to privacy is aright   |
| A) Political right B) Social right C) Economic right D) Civil right                                |
| 95. Child rights are protected in articleof UDHR   |
| A) 25(2) B) 28 C)18 D)19   |
| 96. Which article of Indian constitution ensures the protection of childhood and                   |
| youth  |
| Against exploitation   |
| A) 24 B) 39(1) C) 41 D) 45   |
| 97. Indian constitution articleprohibits traffic in human beings                                   |
| Including children   |
| A) 24 B) 28 C) 45 D)(23)   |
| 98. Which institution protect the interest of the minorities                                       |
| A) The National Minority commission B) SC/ST Commission  |
| C) Women Commission D) Human Rights Commision  |
| 99. The Constitutional Amendment Right to Education was passed in?                                 |

- A) 2005 B) 2009 C) 2002 D) 2011
- 100. Who is the exponent of Ideal Theory of Rights?
  - A) Bentham B) Hobbes C) T H Green D) Roussea
- 101. Human Rights entitles to.....?
  - A) Comfort B) Convenience C) Decent, Civilised and Dignified life
  - D) Guarantee of Existence
- 102. Article 21 of the Indian Constitution provides for?
  - A) Right to die. B) Right to subsist. C) Right to life and Personal Liberty.
  - D) Right to lively and liberal life.
- 103. The framers of the Indian Constitution borrowed the concept of Fundamental rights from

the Constitution of?

- A) USA B) UK C) Ireland D) Canada
- 104. UN Charter had been adopted at San Francisco on?
  - A) June 23, 1945 B) June 25, 1945 C) June 27, 1945 D) June 29, 1945
- 105. Which of the following is not correct?
  - A) Human rights are universal B) Human rights are subjective C) Human
  - Rights are constitutional D) Human rights are incontrovertible
- 106. Right to Education is guaranteed under Article?

| A)14 B) 19 C) 21-A D)21   |
|---|
| 107. The protection of Human Rights Acts in India was enacted in the year?            |
| A)1993 B) 1994 C) 1995 D)1996   |
| 108. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights was adopted on ?                       |
| A) December 1, 1948 B) December 10, 1948 C) December 11,1948                          |
| D) December 31, 1948  |
| 109. which of the following is not a UN agency?                                       |
| A) UNICEF B) UNESCO C) WTO D) ILO   |
| 110. When was International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights passed ? |
| A) 1966 B)1990 C) 1956 D)1986   |
| 111. "Human Rights: A Very Short Introduction" was written by ?                       |
| A) Harold J Laski B) V R Krishna Iyer C) Upendra Baxi                                 |
| D) Andrew Clapham   |
| 112. Generally rights are classified in to civilrights?                               |
| A) Social B) Economic C) Political D) Cultural  |
| 113. Fundamental rigts are rights ?   |
| A) Non justiciable rights B) Moral rights C) Justiciable rights                       |
| D) Legal rights   |

| 114. Article 7 of Indian Constitution deals with ?                             |
|--|
| A) Abolition of Untouchability B) Abolition of Titles                          |
| C) Right to freedom D) Right to religion                                       |
| 115. According toTheory of Rights, rights are the creation of the state?       |
| A) Marxist B) Liberal C) Western D) Legal                                      |
| 116. The National Human Rights Commission (NHRC ) was founded in ?             |
| A) October 12, 1993 B) September 18, 1993 C) September 22, 1993                |
| D) September 28, 1993  |
| 117. When was the Protection of Human Rights Acts passed in India?             |
| A) 2003 B) 1993 C) 2005 D) 1997)   |
| 118. The Magna Carta was signed in the year ?                                  |
| A) 1340 B)1251 C) 1215 D) 1420   |
| 119. The SCs and STs (Prevention of Atrocities) Act enacted in?                |
| A) 11th September, 1989 B) 12th September, 1989 C) 21st September, 1989        |
| D) 22nd September, 1989  |
| 120. UN observed International Year of Women in?                               |
| A)1995 B) 1980 C) 1990 D)1975  |
| 121.When was the Protection of Women from the Domestic Violence Act enacted in |
| India ?  |

- A) 2003 B) 2002 C) 2005 D)2006
- 122. "All human beings are born equal in dignity and rights": In which document this statement contain?
  - A) ICCPR B) ICESCR C) UDHR D) NHRC
- 123. Article 29 and Artcle 30 of Indian constitution provides for?
  - A ) Social and Political rights B) Cultural and Educational rights
  - C) religious and Cultural rights D) Economic and Legal rights
- 124. How many articles in the UDHR?
  - A) 30 B) 40 C) 50 D) N60
- 125. Public Interest Litigation means?
  - A) Litigation for the protection of the public interest
  - B) Litigation for the protection of the private interest
  - C) Litigation for the protection of the religious interest
  - D) Litigation for the protection of the social interest
- 126. Which Writ is used the court , directing to a person to perform to public duties ?
  - A) Mandamus B) Certiorari C) Habeous Corpus D) Prohibition
- 127. Who criticised Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen of the bourgeoisie

| Ideology?   |                  |
|---|------------------|
| A) Rousseau B) John Locke C) Hegel D) Karl Marx                       |                  |
| 128. Human rights are a?  |                  |
| A) Eastern Cultural concept B) Western Cultural concept               |                  |
| C) Third world concept D) Marxian concept                             |                  |
| 129."Right is a claim recognised by the society and enforced by the ? | state", who said |
| A) Herbert Spencer B) Harold Laski                                    |                  |
| C) T.H Green D) Robert Dahl   |                  |
| 130. Liberty, Equality, Fraternity are the slogans of?                |                  |
| A) American Revolution B) French Revolution                           |                  |
| C) Russian Revolution D)Glorious Revolution                           |                  |
| 131. Right to Life is guaranteed in Indian Constitution in article ?  |                  |
| A) 19 B) 21 C) 28 D) 32   |                  |
| 132. Right to Resistance is a?  |                  |
| A) Civil B) Economic C)Social D)Political                             |                  |
| 133. Legal Theory of Rights was propounded by ?                       |                  |
| A) Hobbes B) Grotious C)John Austin d) Jeremy Bentham                 |                  |

| 134. Who was the first person to use the term Dalit in the context of Dalit                  |
|--|
| movement in  |
| India ?  |
| A) Mahatma Gandhi B) B R Ambedkar  |
| C) Narayana Guru D) Jyotiba Phule  |
| 135. National Women Commission is abody ?  |
| A) Satutory B) Constituinal C) Executive D) Judicial   |
| 136. Which Article of the Protection of Human Rights Act prescribes for human rights courts? |
|  |
| A) Article 12 B) Article 16 C) Article 31 D) Article 13                                      |
|  |
| 137. Who appoint the Chairman of the NHRC ?  |
| A) Prime Minister B) Supreme Court Chief justice   |
| C) President of India D) None of these   |
| 138. Human Rights are for men to live as a?  |
| A) Citizen B) Human being C) Superman D) Ordinary man  |
| 139. Which among the following is a Third Generation Right ?                                 |
| A) Cultural Rights B)Environmental Rights  |
| C) Political Rights D) Economic Rights   |

| 140. Right to Peace is ageneration right?                              |
|--|
| A) Third Generation B) Second Generation                               |
| C) First Generation D)None of these                                    |
| 141. Concept of "jus gentium" derived from                             |
| A. Roman C. Persian  |
| B. Greek D. Egyptian   |
| 142. Which of the following best protects human rights in India?       |
| A. The Bill of Rights B. The International Declaration of Human Rights |
| C. Indian Constitution D. Magna Carta                                  |
| 143. Who said state is known by the rights that it maintains?          |
| A. Laski C. John Lock  |
| B. J.J Rousseau D. Karl Marx   |
| 144. International Women s day is observed                             |
| A. Dec 8 C. March 8  |
| B. May 8 D. Jan 9  |
| 145. Who said no rights without law no rights contrary to law          |
| A. Bentham B. Lock   |
| C. Karl Marx D. Thomas Hobbes  |
|  |

| 146. Right to freedom is granted by:  |
|---|
| A. Article-19 B. Article-15   |
| C. Article-20 D. Article-21   |
| 147. Freedom of Religion is included in   |
| A. Article-25-27 B. Article-25-28   |
| C. Article-26-29 D. Article-24-27   |
| 148. Fundamental duties of Indian citizens are contained in                           |
| A. Part I of the Indian Constitution  |
| B. Part III of the Indian Constitution  |
| C. Part IV-A of the Indian Constitution   |
| D. Part III-A of the Indian Constitution  |
| 149. According to the Constitution of India, which one of the following rights cannot |
| be taken away   |
| during emergency  |
| A. Right to speak B. Right to freedom of movement                                     |
| C. Right to life D. Right to Organise   |
| 150. Untouchability has been abolished by the Constitution of India under             |
| A. Article-14 B. Article-16   |
| C. Article-15 D. Article-17   |

- 151. Sexual harassment of women at work place (prevention, prohibition and redressal) Act-2013 is based on which land mark judgment of the supreme court of India
  - A. Minerva Mill Case
- B. Shahanu Begum Case
- C. Nirbhaya Case .
- D. Visakha and Others Case.
- 152. In which Year U N general Assembly adopted its convention on the rights of persons with

#### Disabilities?

A. 2006

B. 2016

B. 2008

C. 2009

# **ANSWERS**

1. B, 2.D, 3.A, 4.B, 5.C, 6.A, 7.B, 8.A, 9.A, 10.B,

11. C, 12.D, 13.C, 14.B, 15.B, 16.B, 17.A, 18.A, 19.A, 20.B,

21. C, 22.B, 23.B, 24.C, 25.A, 26.C, 27.B, 28.D, 29.A, 30.C,

31. C, 32.B, 33.A, 34.A, 35.C, 36.C, 37.A, 38.A, 39.B, 40.A,

41. B, 42.B, 43.B, 44.A, 45.A, 46.B, 47.A, 48.C, 49.A,

50.B,

51. A, 52.B, 53.C, 54.B, 55.C, 56.D, 57.A, 58.C, 59.D, 60.D,

61. C, 62.C, 63.B, 64.A, 65.A, 66.C, 67.C, 68.B, 69.D, 70.D,

71. C, 72.B, 73.A, 74.C, 75.D, 76.C, 77.D, 78.A, 79.B, 80.B,

81. C, 82.A, 83.B, 84.B, 85.A, 86.A, 87.B, 88.B, 89.C, 90.D,

91. D, 92.C, 93. C, 94.D, 95.A, 96.B, 97.D, 98.A, 99.C, 100.C,

101. C, 102.C, 103.A, 104.B, 105.C, 106.C, 107.A, 108.B, 109.B, 110.A,

111.D,112.C,113.D,114.A,115.D,116.A,117.A,118.C,119.A,120.D,

121. C, 122.C, 123.A, 124.A, 125.A, 126.A, 127.D, 128.B, 129.B, 130.B,

131. C, 132.C, 133.A, 134.D, 135.A, 136.C, 137.C, 138.B, 139.B, 140.A, 141. A, 142.C, 143.A, 144.C, 145.A, 146.A, 147.B, 148.C, 149.C, 150.D

151. B, 152. A.